Outline of the Messages for the Full-time Training in the Fall Term of 2022

GENERAL SUBJECT: LIVING IN THE REALITY OF THE BODY OF CHRIST BY LEARNING CHRIST AS THE REALITY IS IN JESUS

Message Five

Living in the Reality of the Body of Christ by Living the Lord's Ministry with the Contents and Ways of His Gospel Service

Scripture Reading: Mark 1:14-3:6

I. The Lord's life was His work, His move, and His ministry; His work was His living, and His move was His being; with Him there was no difference between His life, His work, His move, and His ministry; the Lord Jesus lived His ministry—cf. Luke 22:26-27; John 10:10b; 1 Cor. 15:45b; 1 John 5:16a; 2 Cor. 3:6; Phil. 1:25.

II. We need to see and enter into the reality of the contents of the Slave-Savior's wonderful and excellent gospel service—Mark 1:14-45:

- A. The first thing He did in His gospel service was to proclaim the gospel—vv. 14-20:
 - 1. Christ Himself, with all the processes He passed through and all the redemptive work He accomplished, is the content of the gospel—vv. 1-8; Mal. 3:1-3; cf. 4:1-2.
 - 2. His proclaiming was to announce God's glad tidings to the miserable people in bondage; His teaching (Mark 1:21-22) was to enlighten the ignorant ones in darkness with the divine light of the truth.
 - 3. His proclaiming implied teaching, and His teaching implied proclaiming—Matt. 4:23; Mark 1:38-39; 3:14; 6:12; 14:9; 16:15, 20.
- B. The second thing He did in His gospel service was to teach the truth—1:21-22:
 - 1. The truth is the shining of the divine light on the facts of the Bible to televise a heavenly vision of those facts into our being—John 8:12, 32, 36; 1:4; 14:6a.
 - 2. The Lord's teaching of the truth (Mark 2:13; 4:1; 6:2, 6, 30, 34; 10:1; 11:17; 12:35; 14:49) was to bring people out of the satanic darkness into the divine light (Acts 26:18); the Slave-Savior, as the light of the world (John 8:12; 9:5), came as a great light to Galilee, the land of darkness, to shine on the people who were sitting in the shadow of death (Matt. 4:12-16).
 - 3. His teaching released the word of light to enlighten those in the darkness of death that they might receive the light of life—John 1:4.
- C. The third thing He did in His gospel service was to cast out demons from the possessed people—Mark 1:23-28:
 - 1. The demons' possession of people signifies Satan's usurpation of man, whom God created for His purpose.
 - 2. The Lord Jesus came to destroy the works of Satan (1 John 3:8), and His casting out of demons (Mark 1:34, 39; 3:15; 6:7, 13; 16:17) was for people to be delivered from Satan's bondage (Luke 13:16), out of Satan's authority of darkness (Acts 26:18; Col. 1:13), into God's kingdom (Mark 1:15).
- D. The fourth thing He did in His gospel service was to heal the sick—vv. 29-39:

- 1. Sickness issues from sin and is a sign of man's abnormal condition before God; the Lord healed people's sick condition and restored them to normality that they might serve Him—v. 34; 3:10; 6:5, 13, 56; Psa. 103:1-22.
- 2. We must learn to preach the gospel and teach the truth like a physician, giving people a heavenly prescription and the divine medicine for their healing—Matt. 9:11-13; Luke 10:33-37; cf. Prov. 4:20-23; Exo. 30:25.
- E. The fifth thing He did in His gospel service was to cleanse the leper—Mark 1:40-45:
 - 1. Leprosy signifies the sin of rebellion, the serious sin issuing from within man, such as willful sin, presumptuous sin, and opposing God with determination—1 John 3:4; cf. Isa. 14:12-15; Lev. 13:2; 14:9.
 - 2. As seen in the cases of Miriam (Num. 12:1-10), Gehazi (2 Kings 5:20-27), and Uzziah (2 Chron. 26:16-21), leprosy issues from rebellion against God's authority, God's deputy authority, God's regulation, and God's economy.
 - 3. In order for a leper to be cleansed, "he shall shave off all his hair; he shall shave his head and his beard and his eyebrows, even all his hair"—Lev. 14:9a:
 - a. The hair of the head signifies man's glory in self-display; the beard, man's selfassumed honor; the eyebrows, man's excellencies, merits, and virtues issuing from his natural birth; and all the hair of the body, man's natural strength and ability.
 - b. Thus, the shaving off of all the hair equals getting rid of the self with the glory of man, the honor of man, the beauty of man, and the natural strength of man through the "razor" of the cross; when we have nothing and are nothing, we shall be clean—Gal. 6:3.

III. The five incidents recorded in Mark 2:1—3:6 reveal the five merciful and living ways taken by the Slave-Savior to carry out His gospel service:

- A. As God with divine authority, He forgave the sins of the victim of sickness that He might release him from Satan's oppression (Acts 10:38) and restore him to God; the scribes considered this to be against the theology of their religion (Mark 2:1-12):
 - 1. The Lord Jesus was both the God-Savior and the Slave-Savior, possessing deity and humanity; He had not only the ability to save sinners but also the authority to forgive their sins—Luke 5:21, 24.
 - 2. Receiving the forgiveness of our sins causes us to fear God (Psa. 130:4) and to love God (Luke 7:36-50); in the Lord's salvation He not only forgives our sins but also causes us to rise and walk, to "go in peace" (v. 50), and to "go, and from now on sin no more" (John 8:11).
- B. As a Physician to the sick and miserable people, He feasted with the tax collectors and with sinners that they might taste the mercy of God and be recovered to the enjoyment of God; this was condemned by the self-righteous yet merciless scribes of the Pharisees—Mark 2:13-17; Luke 1:78-79:
 - 1. The self-righteous Pharisees considered themselves strong; hence, blinded by their self-righteousness, they did not know that they were ill and needed Christ as a Physician—Matt. 9:12-13.
 - 2. The Lord as the Physician takes care of His "patients" by causing them to feast with Him, bringing them into the enjoyment of God; the joy of salvation, the enjoyment of God, is a feast—1 Cor. 5:7-8; Psa. 51:2, 12.
- C. As a Bridegroom with the sons of the bridechamber, He caused His followers to be merry and happy without fasting—Mark 2:18-22:
 - 1. The real meaning of fasting is to stop eating all things other than the Lord Jesus and to not have a taste for anything other than Him—Matt. 6:16-18; Isa. 58:3; John 6:57; cf. Num. 11:4-7.

- 2. Christ as the Bridegroom gains us to be His overcoming bride as His duplication by being our Physician to organically heal us in our entire tripartite being by His complete salvation—Rom. 5:10; cf. Mal. 4:2:
 - a. He is our new cloth as our new garment to clothe us and beautify us with Himself as our God-given righteousness through the shedding of His precious blood applied to us for our judicial redemption—Luke 15:22; 1 Cor. 1:30; Matt. 9:16.
 - b. He is our new wine as our new life to fill us and cheer us with Himself as our Godgiven portion through the dispensing of His priceless life into us for our organic salvation—Judg. 9:13; Matt. 9:17; Col. 1:12.
- 3. We are not only the bride of Christ but also "the sons of the bridechamber" (Mark 2:19) to be the corporate "best man" of Christ as the Bridegroom; by enjoying Him as our new garment and new wine, we become His corporate "best man," the Body of Christ as the new man.
- D. The Lord allowed His followers to pick the ears of grain in the grainfields on the Sabbath, caring for His followers' hunger rather than for religion's regulation; this indicates that in God's New Testament economy, it is a matter not of keeping the regulation of religion but of enjoying satisfaction in and through Christ as the real Sabbath rest—vv. 23-28:
 - 1. The real meaning of keeping the Sabbath is that we cease from our doing, stop our work, and enjoy what the Lord has done for us by eating Him as the bread of the Presence for our nourishment and supply—Exo. 25:30.
 - 2. Man was not created for the Sabbath, but the Sabbath was ordained for man so that he might enjoy it with God; God first worked and then rested; man first rests and then works—Gen. 2:2-3.
 - 3. Keeping the Sabbath is a sign that God's people work for God not by their own strength but by enjoying Him and being filled with Him to be one with Him; it is also an eternal covenant assuring God that we will be one with Him by first enjoying Him and then working with Him—Exo. 31:12-17.
- E. On the Sabbath the Lord cared for the relief of the suffering one rather than for religious ritual; to be religious is to do something for God without the presence of Christ—Mark 3:1-6:
 - 1. Religious regulations do not matter to the Lord, but the healing of the members of His Body, who are needy and even dead, means everything to Him.
 - 2. The case of the man with the withered hand is the case of one who is partially free but not wholly free; like the man with the withered hand, we need to be fully liberated.
 - 3. The Slave-Savior is our Emancipator, setting us free from religious ritual and from the slavery of sin; we may be liberated to a certain extent, but in certain parts of our life we still need to be freed by the Slave-Savior—John 8:32, 36; Rom. 6:12-23; 8:2.
- IV. The above five ways of the Slave-Savior's gospel service can be summarized by five words: forgiveness (Mark 2:1-12), enjoyment (vv. 13-17), joy (vv. 18-22), satisfaction (vv. 23-28), and freedom (3:1-6); we can experience Him as our full salvation in all these aspects by touching Him (5:24-34):
 - A. When we contact the Lord directly, having a direct touch with Him, He is transfused into us as the power of God to become our healing; the genuine way to help people is to bring them into a direct touch with the Lord.
 - B. We all have to contact the Lord, to fellowship with Him, and to touch Him moment by moment in our spirit so that He can be our daily salvation and moment-by-moment supply for the building up of His Body—John 4:24.